

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI  
GREENVILLE DIVISION**

DYAMONE WHITE; DERRICK SIMMONS;  
TY PINKINS; CONSTANCE OLIVIA SLAUGHTER  
HARVEY-BURWELL,

*Plaintiffs,*

vs.

STATE BOARD OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS;  
TATE REEVES, *in his official capacity as Governor of  
Mississippi*; LYNN FITCH, *in her official capacity as  
Attorney General of Mississippi*; MICHAEL WATSON,  
*in his official capacity as Secretary of State of  
Mississippi*,

*Defendants,*

**CIVIL ACTION NO.  
4:22-cv-62-SA-JMV**

**PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR JUDICIAL NOTICE**

Pursuant to Rule 201 of the Federal Rules of Evidence, Plaintiffs submit this Motion for judicial notice and respectfully request the Court take judicial notice of specific facts and information pertaining to the latest Mississippi Supreme Court elections, which occurred after the August 2024 trial before this Court, as set forth below and as identified within Exhibit A attached hereto. Under the Federal Rules, judicial notice may be taken “at any stage of the proceeding.” Fed. R. Evid. 201(d). Defendants have indicated that they anticipate opposing the motion.

1. “The court must take judicial notice if a party requests it and the court is supplied with the necessary information.” Fed. R. Evid. 201(c)(2).
2. Plaintiffs seek judicial notice of the following facts pertaining to the November 2024 elections, based on official election certifications maintained by the Mississippi Secretary of State (Exhibit A):

- a. On November 5, 2024, elections were held for four Mississippi Supreme Court seats:
  - i. District 1, Position 3;
  - ii. District 2, Position 2;
  - iii. District 3, Position 1; and
  - iv. District 3, Position 2.
- b. Five candidates participated in the general election for the District 1, Position 3 seat on the Mississippi Supreme Court.
- c. In the general election for District 1, Position 3, State Senator Jenifer Branning, who is White,<sup>1</sup> received a plurality of the vote (41.34%).
- d. Justice Jim Kitchens, who came in second in the general election, received 35.58% of the vote.
- e. On November 26, 2024, a runoff election between Branning and Kitchens was held for the District 1, Position 3 seat on the Mississippi Supreme Court.
- f. In the November 26 runoff election, Branning received a majority of the vote (50.55%) and defeated Kitchens (49.45%) for the District 1, Position 3 seat on the Mississippi Supreme Court.
- g. No Black candidates were elected to any of the Mississippi Supreme Court seats that were on the ballot in the 2024 election: Justices Robert Chamberlin and Jimmy Maxwell, both White, were re-elected in District 3, and justice-elect David Sullivan, who defeated Justice Dawn Beam in District 2, is also White.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Branning's racial identity and candidacy are already part of the trial record. D. Simmons Testimony, 08/08/2024 Trial Tr. 728:1-7.

<sup>2</sup> The racial identities of the incumbent justices are already part of the trial record. Pls.' Ex. 111.

3. Taking judicial notice of these election results, which are generally known within the jurisdiction and can be immediately and accurately determined by examining public records, is appropriate.

4. Election results are routinely the subject of judicial notice in cases involving, as here, Section 2 of the Voting Rights Act.

5. The above facts are relevant to this case, particularly in light of Defendants' repeated reliance on Justice Kitchens' past electoral victories in District 1 as evidence of Black voters' ability to elect preferred candidates under the challenged lines. The absence of any Black candidates prevailing in any of the four Supreme Court elections in 2024 is also relevant to Senate Factor 7 under the totality of the circumstances analysis.

6. In support of this Motion, Plaintiffs incorporate their supporting Memorandum, concurrently filed with this Motion, and Exhibit A attached hereto.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs respectfully request the Court grant this Motion and take judicial notice of the above-listed facts as "generally known within the trial court's territorial jurisdiction" and facts which "can be accurately and readily determined from sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be questioned." Fed. R. Evid. 201(b).

This the 10th day of January, 2025.

/s/ Joshua Tom

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Joshua Tom, hereby certify that on January 10, 2025, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court using the ECF system which sent notification of such filing to all parties on file with the Court.

This the 10th day of January, 2025.

/s/ Joshua Tom

Joshua Tom